## Summary - Looking Back on 2022

The inventory challenges faced by dealerships in 2022 created a year like no other in terms of workforce metrics and key trends.

- 2022 average weekly earnings in participating dealerships increased 15\% compared to 2021.
- The same levels of increase were seen in Same Stores and Same Employee average earnings.
- Dealership median earnings in 2022 were $41 \%$ higher than the US private sector median earnings which was a 20-point year-over-year increase.

| Average Weekly Earnings |  |  |  | Median Weekly Earnings |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Data Source | $\mathbf{2 0 2 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 2}$ | Growth | $\mathbf{2 0 2 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 2}$ | Growth |
| All DWS Dealerships | $\$ 1,554$ | $\$ 1,987$ | $\uparrow 15 \%$ | $\$ 1,181$ | $\$ 1,392$ | $\uparrow 18 \%$ |
| DWS Same Stores | $\$ 1,565$ | $\$ 2,026$ | $\uparrow 29 \%$ | $\$ 1,179$ | $\$ 1,428$ | $\uparrow 21 \%$ |
| DWS Same Employees | $\$ 1,665$ | $\$ 2,126$ | $\uparrow 28 \%$ | $\$ 1,245$ | $\$ 1,450$ | $\uparrow 17 \%$ |
| BLS U.S. Private Sector ${ }^{1}$ | $\$ 1,014$ | $\$ 1,063$ | $\uparrow 4.8 \%$ | $\$ 966$ | $\$ 988$ | $\uparrow 3.3 \%$ |

Since increased earnings were driven by higher prices and gross profit on new and used vehicles, nearly all the double-digit growth rates were in Sales.


[^0]
## Earnings Growth Comparison－All Positions

In 2022，average weekly earnings growth of 27 percent in new－car dealerships was significantly higher than average earnings growth in the U．S．non－farm private sector．Median weekly income of \＄1，392 in 2022 increased at a slower rate of 116 percent but was still 3 percent higher than the median weekly earnings of $\$ 988$ for the U．S．non－farm private sector workforce．Wage growth in the U．S．non－farm private sector was less than three percent．

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| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
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The all－position，all－participants national average annual earnings increased 27 percent to $\$ 103,313$ ．All the key dealership positions saw increases in annual earnings．Since increased earnings were driven by higher retail prices and gross profit on new and used vehicles，nearly all the double－digit growth rates were in Sales．

| All Car Dealers | Average Annual Earnings |  |  | Median Annual Earnings |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Position | 2021 | 2022 | Growth | 2021 | 2022 | Growth |
| All Positions | \＄80，825 | \＄103，313 | 个 $27 \%$ | \＄61，389 | \＄72，372 | 个 18\％ |
| General Manager／Operator | \＄423，179 | \＄629，068 | 个49\％ | \＄332，484 | \＄515，712 | 个55\％ |
| Sales Manager | \＄151，075 | \＄223，085 | 个48\％ | \＄141，858 | \＄207，960 | 个47\％ |
| F\＆I Manager | \＄159，618 | \＄200，472 | 个 $26 \%$ | \＄148，729 | \＄184，915 | 个 $24 \%$ |
| Service Manager | \＄133，260 | \＄143，221 | 个7\％ | \＄125，152 | \＄131，264 | 个5\％ |
| Parts Manager | \＄105，701 | \＄112，876 | 个7\％ | \＄96，394 | \＄101，686 | 个5\％ |
| Sales Consultant | \＄81，150 | \＄111，465 | 个37\％ | \＄70，976 | \＄97，670 | 个38\％ |
| Service Advisor／Writer | \＄74，014 | \＄81，943 | 个 $11 \%$ | \＄69，284 | \＄76，109 | 个10\％ |
| B－Service Technician | \＄65，661 | \＄70，628 | 个8\％ | \＄60，553 | \＄64，580 | 个7\％ |
| Parts Consultant | \＄53，747 | \＄59，290 | 个 $10 \%$ | \＄51，322 | \＄56，337 | 个10\％ |

$(\uparrow)$ Represent year－over－year increases or favorable changes；$(\downarrow)$ represent unfavorable changes

## Summary - Looking Back on 2022



| National Retention and Turnover-Cars - All Dealerships |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## NATIONAL AUTOMOBILE DEALERS ASSOCIATION

## DEALERSHIP WORKFORCE STUDY

## Retention and Turnover Trends

Annualized employee turnover in 2022 dropped to the lowest level seen in the 11 years since NADA introduced the Workforce Study.

- Total turnover dropped 12 points from $46 \%$ in 2021 to $34 \%$ in 2022 due to a 26 -point drop in sales consultant turnover.
- Turnover decreased across all nine key job titles.
- Employee retention and median tenure dropped several points compared to 2022 but show significant improvement over 2021.

The 2022 BLS estimate of employee turnover (total separations) in the non-farm private sector was 47 percent - a 10-point decrease compared to $2021 .^{2}$

| NATIONAL RETENTION AND TURNOVER - CARS - ALL DEALERSHIPS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |

Employee Turnover
By Key Position


[^1]
# REGION 1 <br> NEW ENGLAND 

Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island and Vermont


Compensation statistics of interest:
The New England region's all-dealerships, all-positions average compensation of $\$ 75,407$ was seven percent lower than the national average of $\$ 80,825$. With a 15 percent difference $(\$ 12,284)$ between the lowest regional average and the highest, New England ranked seventh of the nine regions in overall compensation.

One out of nine key dealership positions earned incomes equal to or higher than their respective national averages; eight of the key positions didn't exceed national all-dealer averages (Figure 1). Sales managers in non-luxury dealerships had the highest income growth; five of the nine key positions saw income decline. (Figure 2).
Only one key position in luxury dealerships had income growth; one of the key positions saw income decline by 26 percent (Figure 3).

REGION 1: NEW ENGLAND - CARS - ALL DEALERSHIPS (FIGURE 1)

| Position | Overall <br> Region <br> Average | Year Over <br> Year <br> Change | Average <br> as $\%$ of <br> National | Low <br> Volume | Medium <br> Volume | Nigh <br> Volume | All-Dealer <br> Average |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All Positions | $\$ 75,407$ | $\downarrow 5 \%$ | $93 \%$ | $\$ 76,434$ | $\mathbf{\$ 7 5 , 8 5 3}$ | \$72,495 | \$80,825 |
| General Manager/Operator | $\$ 269,903$ | $\downarrow 9 \%$ | $64 \%$ | $\$ 76,434$ | $\$ 323,363$ | $\$ 76,434$ | $\$ 423,179$ |
| Sales Manager | $\$ 145,980$ | $\uparrow 11 \%$ | $97 \%$ | $\$ 160,649$ | $\$ 142,006$ | $\$ 76,434$ | $\$ 151,075$ |
| F\&I Manager | $\$ 138,941$ | $\downarrow 16 \%$ | $87 \%$ | $\$ 142,345$ | $\$ 146,936$ | $\$ 125,403$ | $\$ 159,618$ |
| Service Manager | $\$ 132,279$ | $\uparrow 7 \%$ | $99 \%$ | $\$ 146,430$ | $\$ 123,120$ | $\$ 76,434$ | $\$ 133,260$ |
| Parts Manager | $\$ 95,668$ | $\downarrow 13 \%$ | $91 \%$ | $\$ 96,653$ | $\$ 91,818$ | $\$ 76,434$ | $\$ 105,701$ |
| Sales Consultant | $\$ 78,887$ | $\uparrow 2 \%$ | $97 \%$ | $\$ 81,756$ | $\$ 82,533$ | $\$ 68,982$ | $\$ 81,150$ |
| Service Advisor/Writer | $\$ 66,993$ | $\downarrow 16 \%$ | $91 \%$ | $\$ 68,886$ | $\$ 66,415$ | $\$ 66,551$ | $\$ 74,014$ |
| B-Technician | $\$ 60,903$ | $\uparrow 8 \%$ | $93 \%$ | $\$ 56,688$ | $\$ 61,891$ | $\$ 62,354$ | $\$ 65,661$ |
| Parts Consultant | $\$ 55,556$ | $\downarrow 2 \%$ | $103 \%$ | $\$ 56,674$ | $\$ 55,560$ | $\$ 76,434$ | $\$ 53,747$ |

$(\uparrow)$ Represent year-over-year increases or favorable changes; $(\downarrow)$ represent unfavorable changes

## Total Employee Turnover



Turnover varied significantly by region from a high of 54 percent in the East South Central and Mountain regions to a low of 42 percent in the New England region．

| NATIONAL RETENTION AND TURNOVER－CARS－ALL DEALERSHIPS |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Position | Annualized Turnover | Year Over Year Change | One Year Retention | Three Year Retention | Median Tenure |
| All Positions | 46\％ | 0\％ | 77\％ | 51\％ | 3.1 |
| General Manager／Operator | 13\％ | $\downarrow 6 \%$ | 93\％ | 79\％ | 11.6 |
| Sales Manager | 26\％ | $\downarrow 7 \%$ | 85\％ | 62\％ | 4.5 |
| F\＆I Manager | 34\％ | $\downarrow 7 \%$ | 82\％ | 56\％ | 3.6 |
| Service Manager | 24\％ | 0\％ | 88\％ | 70\％ | 6.0 |
| Parts Manager | 15\％ | 个2\％ | 93\％ | 81\％ | 10.9 |
| Sales Consultant | 67\％ | $\downarrow 13 \%$ | 69\％ | 39\％ | 2.1 |
| Service Advisor／Writer | 45\％ | $\downarrow 3 \%$ | 76\％ | 47\％ | 2.7 |
| B－Service Technician | 30\％ | 个2\％ | 84\％ | 60\％ | 4.0 |
| Parts Consultant | 27\％ | 个5\％ | 85\％ | 65\％ | 5.1 |

$(\downarrow)$ Represent year－over－year decreases or favorable changes；（ $\uparrow$ ）represent unfavorable changes
Staffing reductions led to significant increases in employee retention rates and median tenure．Median tenure increased from 2.5 to 3.1 years．One－year retention increased five points to 77 percent and three－year retention increased five points to 51 percent．

## REGION 5 <br> south atlantic

Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Maryland, North Carolina, South Carolina, Virginia and West Virginia


Retention and turnover statistics of interest:

- South Atlantic annualized turnover rate for all positions in all dealerships decreased three points to 44 percent, two points higher than the national all-dealership turnover rate of 46 percent and 13 points lower than the non-farm private-sector rate of 57 percent (Figure 1).
- At 51 percent, three-year retention was the same as the national all-dealerships average. (Figure 1).
- Sales consultants in the all dealership average saw annual turnover decrease 12 points to 69 percent. Sales consultants in non-luxury dealerships saw their turnover decrease 14 points to 77 percent (Figures 1 and 2).
- Non-luxury dealership turnover decreased 5 points to 48 percent; three-year retention and median tenure were slightly lower than the national non-luxury averages (Figure 2).
- Luxury dealership turnover increased 2 points at 33 percent; three-year retention and median tenure were higher than the national luxury average (Figure 3).

| REGION 5: SOUTH ATLANTIC - CARS - ALL DEALERSHIPS (FIGURE 1) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Position | Annualized <br> Turnover | Year Over Year <br> Change | One Year <br> Retention | Three Year <br> Retention | Median <br> Tenure |
| All Positions | $\mathbf{4 4 \%}$ | $\downarrow \mathbf{~ 3 \%}$ | $\mathbf{7 7 \%}$ | $\mathbf{5 1 \%}$ | $\mathbf{3 . 1}$ |
| General Manager/Operator | $10 \%$ | $\downarrow 10 \%$ | $95 \%$ | $78 \%$ | 9.9 |
| Sales Manager | $24 \%$ | $\downarrow 14 \%$ | $85 \%$ | $59 \%$ | 4.2 |
| F\&I Manager | $28 \%$ | $\downarrow 17 \%$ | $84 \%$ | $57 \%$ | 3.7 |
| Service Manager | $22 \%$ | $\downarrow 3 \%$ | $90 \%$ | $69 \%$ | 6.1 |
| Parts Manager | $9 \%$ | $\downarrow 3 \%$ | $93 \%$ | $82 \%$ | 11.4 |
| Sales Consultant | $69 \%$ | $\downarrow 12 \%$ | $67 \%$ | $38 \%$ | 1.9 |
| Service Advisor/Writer | $42 \%$ | $\downarrow 9 \%$ | $77 \%$ | $47 \%$ | 2.7 |
| B-Service Technician | $28 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $85 \%$ | $59 \%$ | 4.0 |
| Parts Consultant | $22 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $86 \%$ | $66 \%$ | 5.2 |

$(\downarrow)$ Represent year-over-year decreases or favorable changes; ( $\uparrow$ ) represent unfavorable changes

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[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ US BLS - 2022 Median weekly earnings of all private sector full-time wage and salary workers based on an average of $1^{\text {st }}$ and $4^{\text {th }}$ quarters.

[^1]:    2 U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics - Job Openings and Labor Turnover Survey Data 2022.

